

***“We shape our dwellings,
and afterward our dwellings shape our lives.”***

Sir Winston Churchill

British Prime Minister 1960



GREEN BUILDING OVERVIEW

Barbra Batshalom

The Green Roundtable



What is “Architecture”?

Shelter	\$
Comfort	\$\$
Aesthetics	\$\$\$

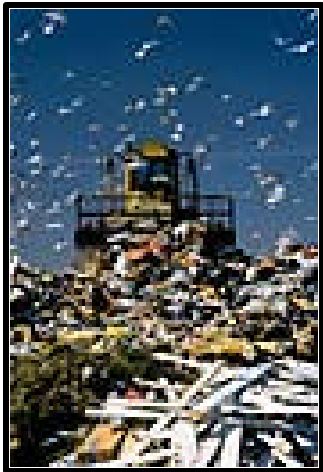


What do we get with our buildings that we don't design or pay for?

Up until now, we haven't designed and built our environment in a manner that sustains itself - that is aware of the far reaching consequences of our actions and decisions.



We haven't been considering the whole picture. Green Building seeks to address these issues in a comprehensive way, looking at the bigger picture.



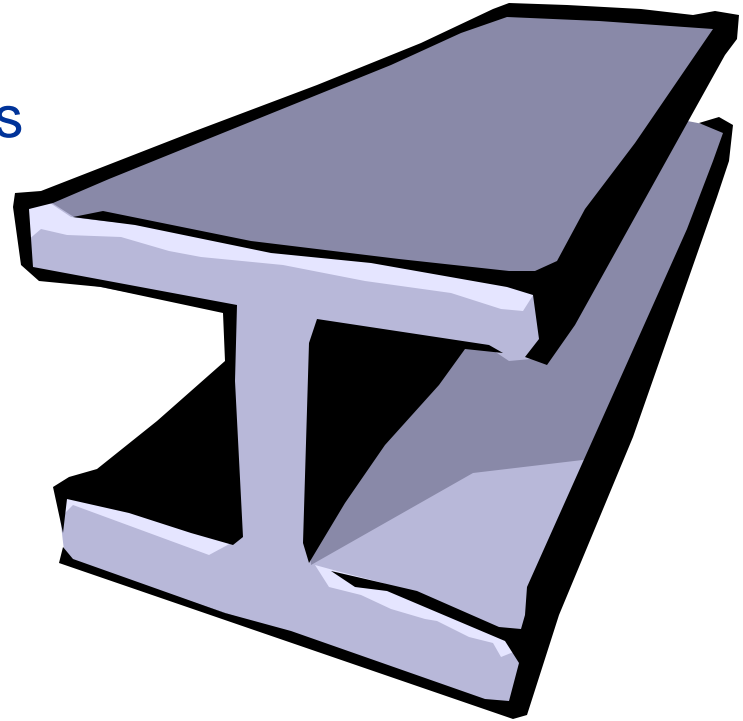
BUILDINGS IN THE USA :

Use

- **35 to 40%** of total primary energy use in U.S.
- **65.2%** of total US electricity consumption
- **30%** of the US wood & other raw materials
(3 billion tons /year)
- **12%** of potable water in US

Contribute

- **35-38%** to US air pollution
- **40%** to US Co₂ release
- **32 to 40%** to the US municipal solid waste stream
(136 million tons of C&D waste in US = ~2.8 lbs per person/ day)

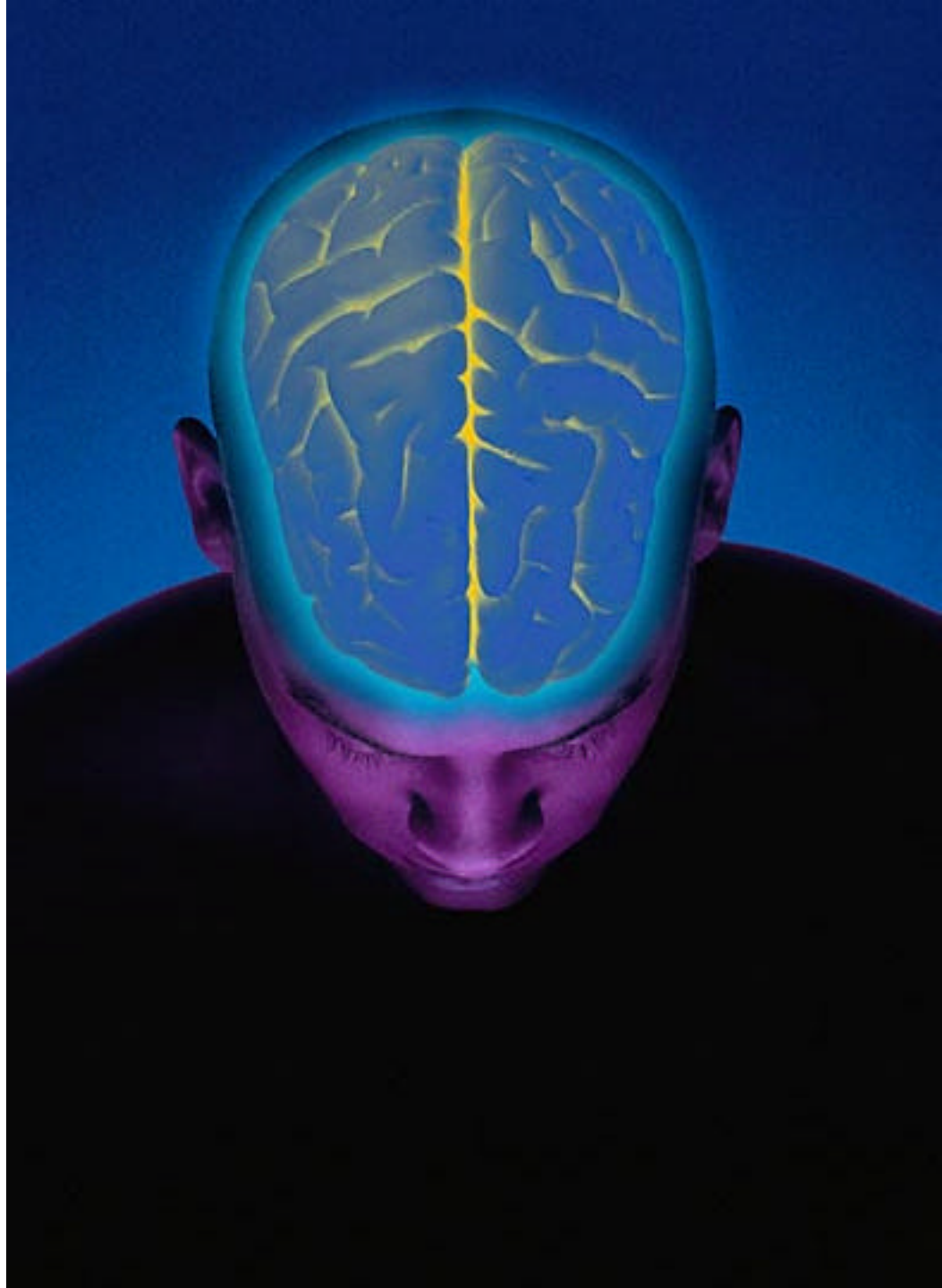


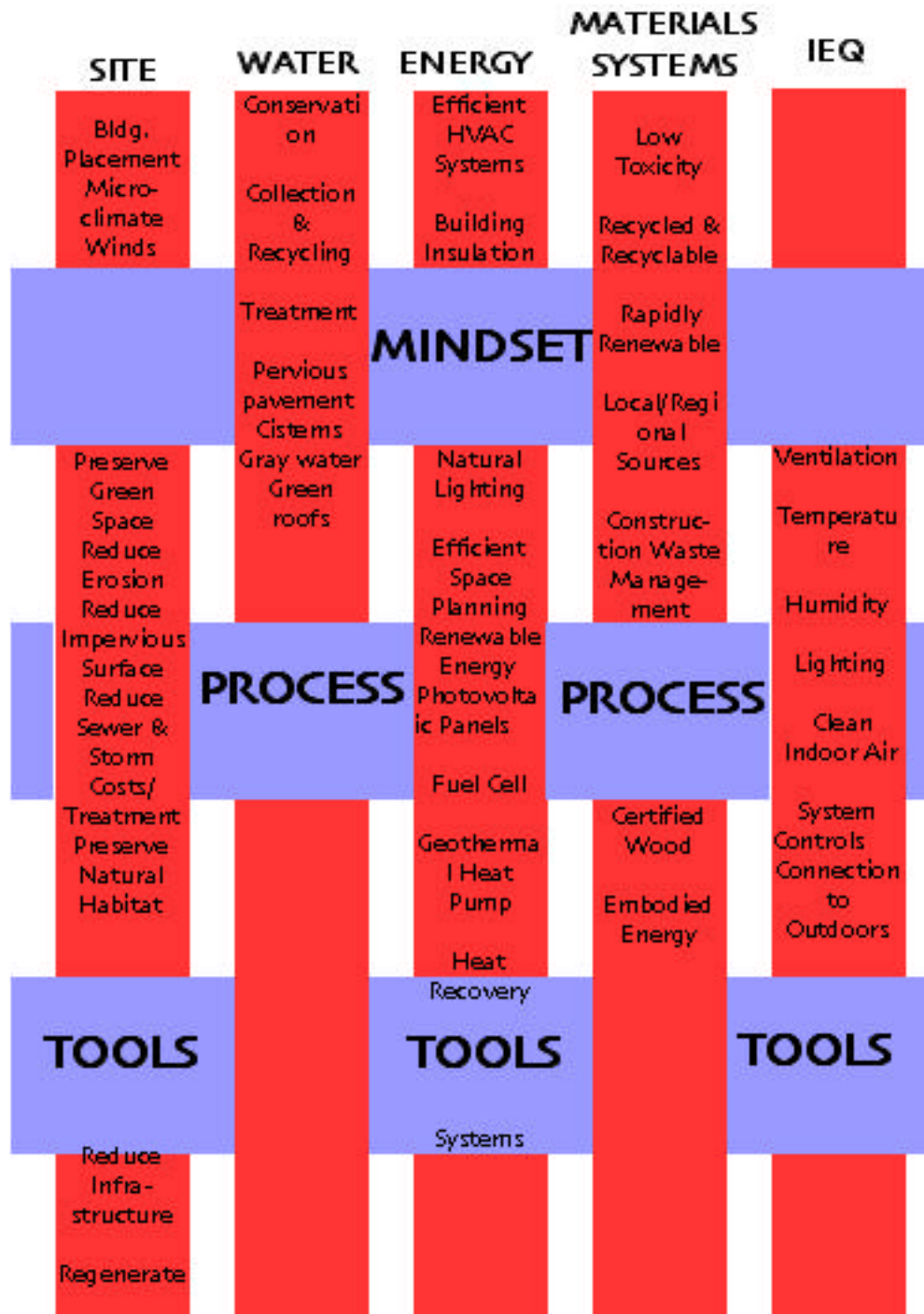


Our lens has been too narrowly focused
Not considering the larger picture....

Required:

1. A new **mindset**
2. A collaborative **process**
3. Knowledge of new **Stuff**





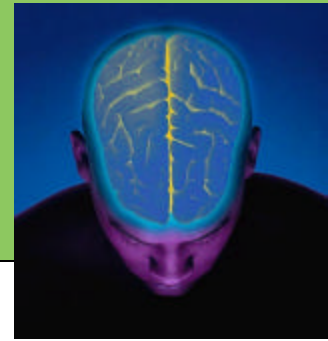
**First challenge -
getting BEYOND
the pieces.**

Weaving the Tapestry
of our built environment

Elements of design
And pervasive concepts
that determine the
effectiveness of those
Elements

We're dealing in SYSTEMS,
not pieces.

First Element of Green Design: The Mindset...



This is the most difficult, and opens the door to the most possibilities and gains

Recognizing that there are connections that we're not used to looking for...

Incremental goals or strategies yield incremental gains

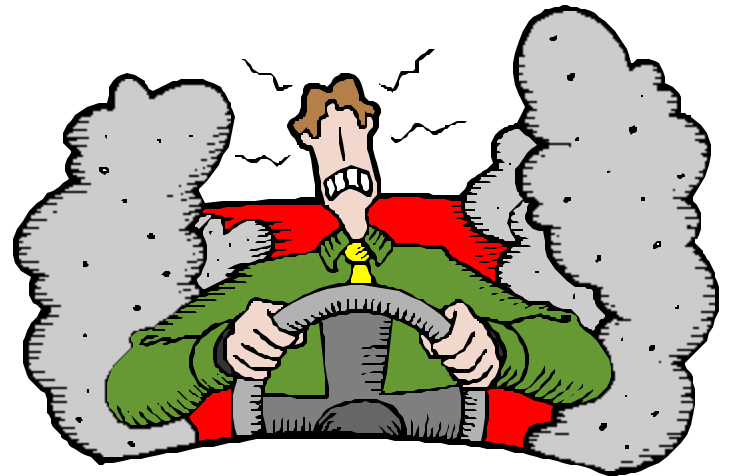
Waste Cost Accountability Connections
(RISK)

WHAT QUESTIONS ARE WE ASKING?

“Would you buy a car with poor gas mileage, poor safety standards, no operations manual, no personal air controls, no reuse potential and maximum maintenance needs?”

If not, then why do we purchase these features in buildings where we spend 80% to 90% of our time?”

-Rebecca Flora
Executive Director
Green Building Alliance - Pittsburgh
The Cornerstone Spring 2001



WASTE

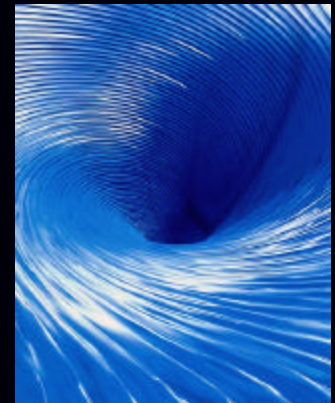
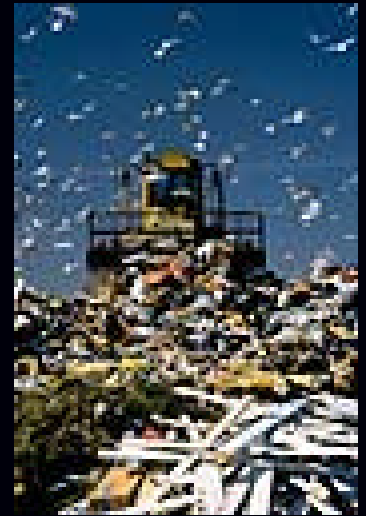
Why do we assume waste?

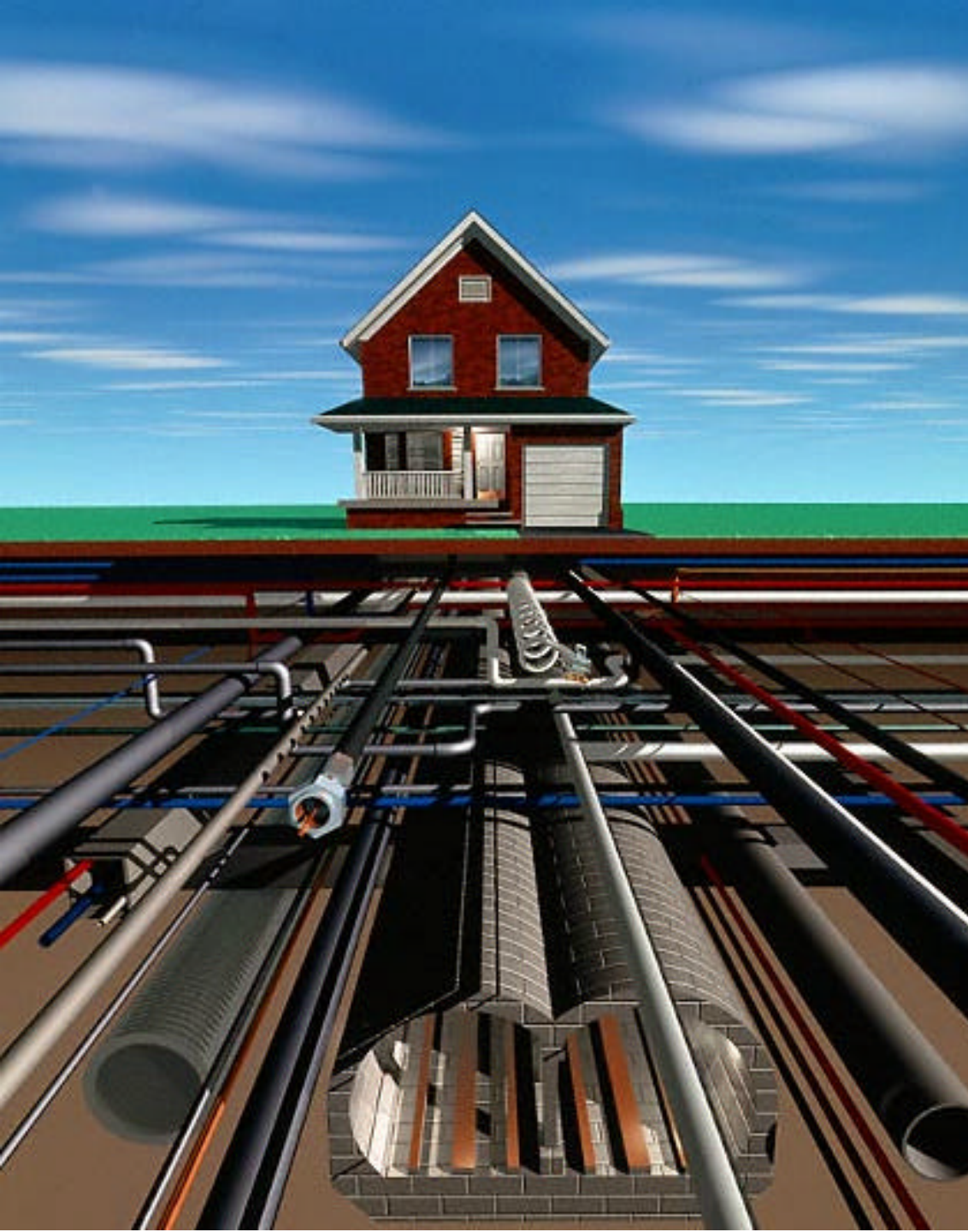
Why do we design for waste?

What if we audited all the waste from our buildings?
Water, materials, energy...

What if we **mined** our waste as a resource?

What if we integrated our systems?





Infrastructure

What we do has many hidden
Costs

...and less value
than we realize

Water
Energy
Waste materials
Unnecessary redundancy

Solely in the realm
of designers

We can not afford to assume
that our current systems work
and are effective

Current **R I S K ??**



The Big \$ Question

Capital costs

Operating Costs

Hidden Costs.....

**Life Cycle Analysis
approach**



**What is the size
of your footprint?**

Accountability
Of
design professionals

Set Expectations
clearly -

Carrot not stick

MEASURE

*You don't know if you
succeed until you can
prove it....*

“A BUILDING IS AN **OUTCOME** - NOT AN OBJECT”

B. Reed/H. Brown

Every project is a direct
product of its context and
depends on the underlying:

Intentions

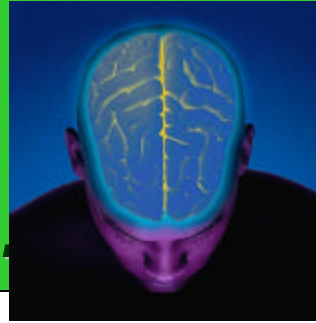
Relationships

Level of risk

Desired outcomes



Second Element of Green Design: ***The Process...***



A collaborative, integrated design process requires Buy-In from all stakeholders

An interactive working style throughout the process, not just traditional meetings

A front loaded process

Evaluating decisions based on Life Cycle Issues rather than first cost

Deliverables / Contract language



What are we up against?



I
have
to
add
something
NEW ?!?

This process is tough enough as it
is.....

... How does this impact **my role?**



Traditional Practice:

Barriers and Opportunities That affect project outcome



How do you:

Schedule ?

Budget ?

Coordinate ?

Learn ?

\$ Change Orders

Collaborative Process

WHEN ?

As soon as possible -
*feasibility studies need to
reflect full scope*

WHO •?

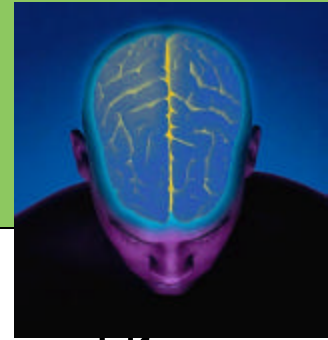
Everyone .. Input from
landscape arch, facility
manager/operator,
contractor, community

HOW ?

Performance oriented,
not prescriptive - exploit
existing knowledge and
expertise



Third Element of Green Design: ***The Stuff...***



Life

Materials and specifications

Issues of toxicity, durability, embodied energy and
Cycle Analysis

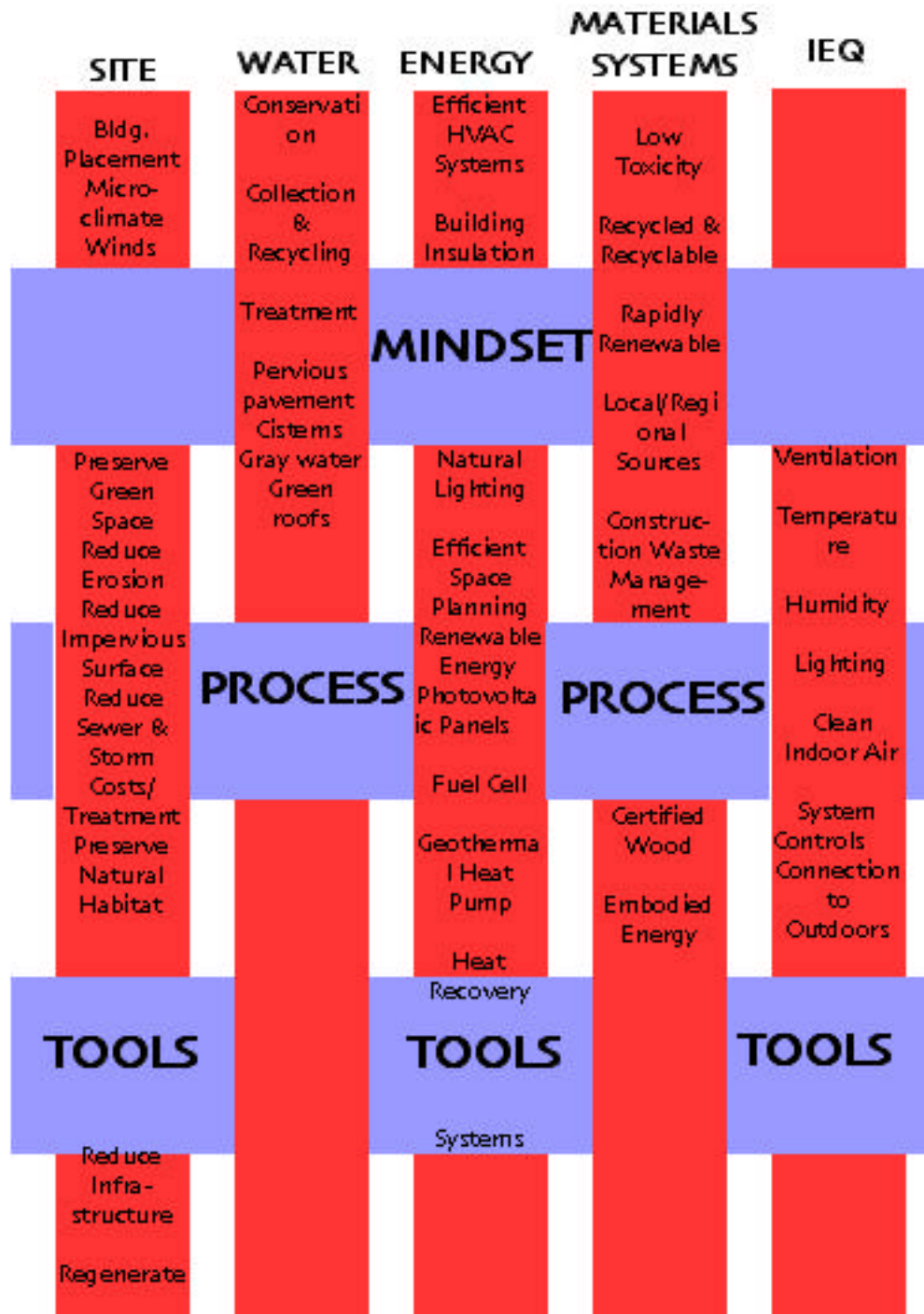
Building systems and technologies

Gray water systems, green roofs, constructed wetlands, BIPV's

Alternative / Renewable energy assessments

Feasibility and analysis, economies of scale and appropriate
application

Tools: **LEED**, Greenspec, DOE2, Energy Star



**First challenge -
getting beyond
the pieces.**

**Back to the pieces,
Looking at the elements**

ELEMENTS OF GREEN BUILDING...

1. Sustainable Sites
2. Water Efficiency
3. Energy Management
4. Materials and Resources
5. Indoor Air Quality
6. New Technologies & Renewable Sources of Energy



**SUCCESS IN SUSTAINABLE
DESIGN IS ABOUT
UNDERSTANDING AND
MANAGING **FLOWS** AND
SYNERGIES**

MONEY

RESPONSIBILITY

DECISIONS

WATER

ENERGY

MATERIALS

**The next level of design
challenge**

